

Investing in Energy

Energy Sector Report

Buy-rated companies mentioned in this report:

Oil, Gas and Fuels Subsector:

Integrated Oil & Gas:

- **Chevron** (CVX - \$155.93)
- **Suncor** (SU - \$38.38)
- **TotalEnergies SE ADR** (TTE - \$70.83)

Storage and Transport:

- **Enbridge** (ENB - \$36.19)
- **TC Energy** (TRP - \$40.14)

Exploration and Production:

- **ConocoPhillips** (COP - \$112.20)

Prices and opinion ratings as of market close on 6/6/24; subject to change. Source: Reuters.
Source: 1 FactSet, 06/06/24

For more information:

Individuals can obtain the full research report with full disclosures on any of the companies mentioned in this report by contacting a local Edward Jones financial advisor, or write to: Edward Jones, 12555 Manchester Road, St. Louis, MO 63131. Information about research distribution is available through the Investment Services link on www.edwardjones.com.

Sector Investment Summary

We believe the near-term outlook for the energy sector remains somewhat volatile. Uncertainty surrounding the pace of demand recovery in China and ongoing geopolitical risks driven by conflicts in the Ukraine and Middle East continue to elevate volatility throughout the global energy system. In addition, some concerns remain regarding a possible slowdown in global economic growth due to somewhat hawkish central banks, which could pose a headwind for oil and gas demand. Global oil prices remain elevated, up roughly 14% over the past 12 months. We believe oil prices will remain above our long-term average price for the remainder of this year. Given these elevated prices, we remain focused on owning stocks in the integrated oil, storage & transportation, and exploration & production subsectors over the long term, where companies have strong financial positions that allow them to weather commodity-price volatility and support dividends. We expect healthy cash flows to be supported this year by above-average oil prices and continued capital-spending discipline by oil and gas companies, though they will likely continue to moderate over the coming quarters.

Key Investment Points

A Commitment to Capital Discipline Remains in Focus - Longer-term, we think investor interest in the sector will likely be influenced by better returns and a sustained commitment to capital-spending discipline by North American oil and gas producers.

Increased Merger and Acquisition (M&A) Activity Expected to Continue - Last year was a record year of consolidation for North American oil and gas companies. We think M&A continues to play a critical role in reshaping the industry, as organic growth opportunities in energy remain somewhat limited.

Dividends supported by those with strong balance sheets - The average dividend yield of the energy sector is more than double the market yield¹. We see our Buy-rated names in integrated oil & gas, storage & transport, and exploration & production offering a compelling combination of high dividend yields and competitive dividend growth.

Risks - Primary risks of investing in the energy sector include volatile commodity prices; changes in demand; and political, environmental, currency, regulatory, and legal risks.

Analyst: Nick Hummel, CFA

Please see important disclosures and analyst certification on page 5 of the report.

Investment Summary

We continue to expect somewhat sizable moves in oil prices over the next several months as the market finds the right balance of supply and demand. We remain focused on recommending stocks in the integrated oil, storage & transportation, and exploration & production subsectors. We believe the companies with strong financial positions and cash flow will be best equipped to weather commodity-price volatility and support their dividends.

Key Challenges

Near-term price volatility expected for oil. We see the near-term outlook for oil prices as volatile given the uncertainty associated with the pace of China's economic recovery, as well as conflicts in the Ukraine and Middle East. In addition, initiatives targeted at addressing climate change and lowering carbon emissions continue to have an impact on expectations for oil and gas prices. Over the longer term we expect oil prices to range between \$55 to \$75 per barrel and natural gas prices to range between \$2.00 to \$4.00 per thousand cubic feet.

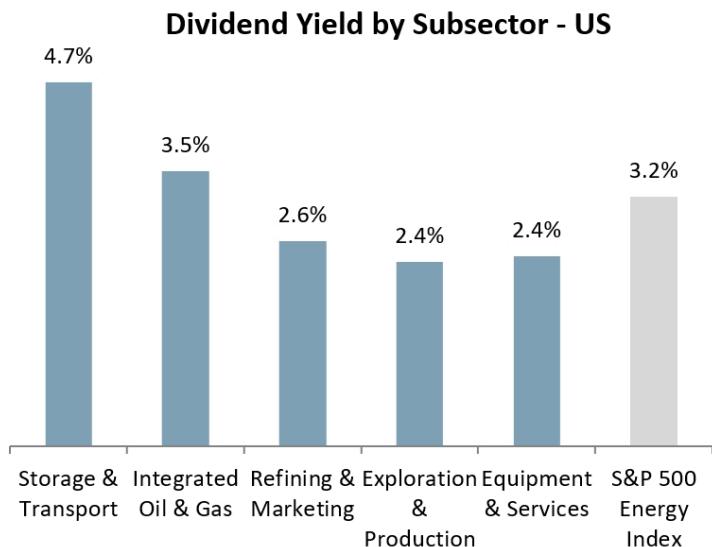
Uncertain long term oil demand outlook. Global oil demand was weakened significantly during the early stages of the COVID-19 pandemic. Despite the marked recovery of demand for oil with the help of vaccines, the long-term outlook is still uncertain. In the long run, the pace of oil-demand growth is uncertain due to the global economy's shift to low-carbon fuels. We expect a slight increase in oil and natural gas demand for the next decade, with oil potentially plateauing after that as the global economy transitions away from fossil fuels.

Poor historical performance has hurt investor interest in the energy sector. The energy sector has delivered poor stock performance over the past decade given low profitability and weak oil and natural gas prices. As a result, the energy sector's overall share of the S&P has declined from over 14% in 2008 to approximately 3.7% today (Source: FactSet, 06/7/24). We think investor interest in the energy sector remains somewhat low because of its poor track record, relatively high volatility, and skepticism toward companies' ability to consistently generate positive free cash flow.

Key Positives

Improved Profitability and Returns. Having outspent their cash flows for years, energy companies have finally turned to capital-spending discipline, resulting in improved profits and cash flow. Reinvestment rates are currently much lower than they were during previous cycles. As long as commodity prices remain elevated relative to historical averages and capital-spending discipline continues, we expect healthy cash flows and profitability in the near term. However, they will likely decline from the highs we saw last year given lower expected commodity prices and increased cost inflation.

Compelling dividend yields. Only those companies with strong financial positions will be able to support their dividends during periods of severe commodity-price weakness like we witnessed during the COVID-19 pandemic. During that time there were numerous dividend cuts across the exploration & production and energy equipment & services subsectors. The average dividend yield of the energy sector is now more than double the average market yield¹. However, the yield varies significantly by subsector. The storage & transport subsector offers the highest dividend yields, and these dividends are well-supported by stable, fee-based cash flows. The integrated oil & gas subsector offers a compelling combination of high dividend yields, low but consistent dividend growth, and a return to share repurchases. In addition to offering solid dividend growth, the refining & marketing subsector offers a dividend yield well-above the broader market¹. Until recently, the exploration & production subsector's yield was below the average of the energy sector. Traditionally, these companies have used cash flow to reinvest in growth, but that strategy has shifted from growth to a focus on increased cash return to shareholders.



Source: FactSet. Data as of 06/6/2024. The S&P 500 Energy Index is composed of 22 companies included in the S&P 500 that are classified as members of the energy sector. The energy subsector indexes are subsets of the S&P 500 Energy Index. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Valuation below average. The energy sector is trading below its historical average, but the discount varies by subsector. Compared with 10-year historical average price-to-cash-flow ratios, the energy equipment & services subsector is trading at a 28% discount to its historical average, while refining & marketing is trading at a 9% discount. Also compared with 10-year historical averages, the integrated oil & gas subsector is trading at a 17% discount, storage & transportation at the 10-year average, and the exploration & production at an 18% discount to its average. We see valuations in these three subsectors as more compelling given their strong financial positions and focus on returning cash to shareholders over the long term.

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Considerations

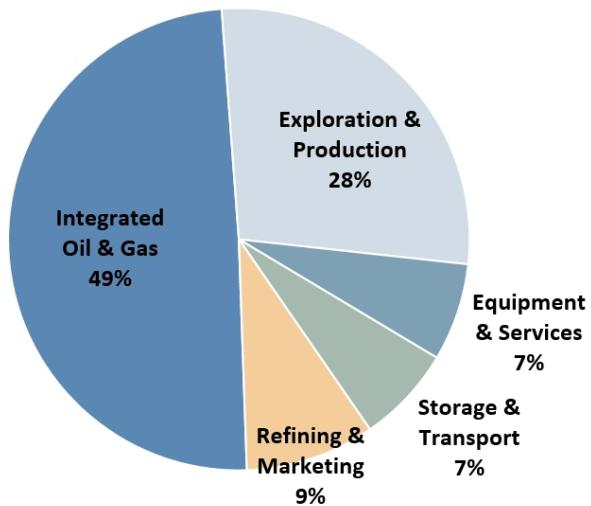
ESG risks in the energy sector primarily consist of climate change and environmental impacts, such as carbon emission, biodiversity, land use and waste management. Business ethics such as policies and practices related to bribery and corruption, particularly in emerging markets, can also create risks. Other risks include workplace safety, community relations and community inclusion. Most of the companies we recommend are taking the essential steps to address

these concerns by reducing emissions and investing in cleaner forms of energy, while maintaining solid safety track records.

How to Invest in the Energy Sector

There are key differences between energy subsectors, and we encourage clients to establish a base of holdings with the larger, more diversified integrated oil & gas companies. Due to their diversified operations, integrated oil & gas companies tend to have less volatile earnings and share prices while offering attractive dividend yields well above the market average. Integrated oil & gas stocks also tend to hold up better when oil prices are falling. However, they also tend to not rise as much as other energy stocks when oil prices are rising. Stocks from the other subsectors can serve to complement integrated oil & gas stocks in a portfolio because they tend to offer more growth and perform better in a rising oil-price environment. Energy stocks can be very volatile given the commodity-sensitive nature of cash flows.

S&P 500 Energy Index



Source: FactSet. Data as of 06/6/2024. The S&P 500 Energy Index is composed of 22 companies included in the S&P 500 that are classified as members of the energy sector.

We prefer companies with a strong financial position, positive free cash flow, a competitive dividend yield, and a solid track record of dividend growth. We prefer energy stocks in the integrated oil & gas, exploration & production, and storage & transportation subsectors that exhibit these characteristics. We think the energy equipment & services and refining & marketing subsectors will continue to underperform. [See the list](#)

on page 1 for all of our Buy-recommended energy stocks.

We view the current valuations of the energy stocks listed on page 1 as attractive. Methods used to evaluate the attractiveness of energy stocks include price-to-cash flow (P/CF); enterprise value (market capitalization plus debt) to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EV/EBITDA); and discounted cash flow analysis. Most of the energy sector is highly capital intensive, and these significant capital expenditures result in high levels of noncash depreciation charges that depress earnings. As a result, traditional valuation measures like price to earnings (P/E), price to book value (P/B), and P/E to growth and dividend yield (PEGY) are not applicable for most stocks in the energy sector.

Subsector Descriptions

Integrated Oil & Gas:

Integrated oil & gas companies offer size, scale, strong financial positions, and geographically diverse operations. These companies typically operate in all segments of the energy value chain, with a large focus on the upstream and downstream segments, which provides diversification benefits, as upstream benefits from rising oil prices while the downstream tends to be hurt and vice versa. Integrated oil & gas stocks tend to pay higher dividends, offer less growth over time, and tend to be less volatile in the longer term. Investors tend to own them for the dividend and stability when the industry is out of favor. Integrated oil & gas stocks we recommend with a Buy rating are **Chevron**, **Suncor** and **TotalEnergies**.

Storage & Transport:

The storage & transportation subsector, commonly referred to as "midstream," encompasses the piece of the energy value chain that comes after the exploration and production of oil and natural gas. It consists of the gathering, processing, transportation and storage of oil and natural gas. With minimal direct commodity-price exposure, companies in this subsector have relatively stable and predictable cash flows, allowing them to pay out a large percentage of their cash flow as dividends. Though most contracts have little direct exposure to commodity prices, price changes can indirectly impact short-term stock performance by changing oil and gas throughput volume expectations and counter-party risks. The midstream stocks we recommend with a Buy rating are **Enbridge** and **TC Energy**.

Refining & Marketing:

Refining & Marketing (R&M) companies purchase oil, turn it into finished products such as gasoline, diesel, heating oil and jet fuel, and then sell them to consumers. Refiners have significant commodity-price exposure because they purchase oil and sell products that can see prices move separately from oil. Relatively low capital-spending requirements result in significant free cash flow generation, which is being returned to shareholders via dividend increases and share repurchases. We do not have any Buy-rated stocks in this subsector.

Exploration & Production:

Exploration & production (E&P) companies explore, drill wells and produce oil and natural gas. These stocks tend to outperform when commodity prices rise and underperform when commodity prices fall because they do not have other operations to provide diversification benefits. Because stock price volatility for E&Ps has historically been larger than the broader energy sector, we recommend ConocoPhillips with a Buy rating within this subsector due to the company's clear advantage in terms of overall size, diversity of global operations, and lower costs per barrel when compared with peers.

Energy Equipment & Services:

The energy equipment & services subsector provides drilling and production equipment and other needed services in the upstream segment. Given poor operating fundamentals and high volatility, the subsector's profitability has historically been unattractive. We do not cover any stocks in this subsector.

Sector Relative Performance



Source: FactSet as of 06/6/2024. These are unmanaged indexes and cannot be invested in directly. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The S&P 500 Index is based on the

average performance of 500 widely held common stocks. The S&P 500 sector indexes are subsets of the S&P 500 Index. These are unmanaged indexes and cannot be invested in directly. Past performance is no guarantee future results.

The S&P 500 Energy Index has outperformed the broader market over the last three years due primarily to elevated oil prices, geopolitical uncertainty, and attractive cash distributions to shareholders.

Please see the individual research reports for additional information, including disclosures, analyst certifications, valuation and risks specific to each company.

Analyst Certification

I certify that the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject securities and issuers; and no part of my compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views contained in the research report.

Nick Hummel, CFA

Required Research Disclosures

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